

Planning the Future with Planets

The Planets Interoperability Framework

Presented by **Ross King**Austrian Research Centers GmbH – ARC

### Outline

- Motivation
- □ Architecture
- Demonstration





Interoperability Framework: Motivation

#### Planets Software: Vision

- □ Planets tools available in a single downloadable software package
- This package will be simple to
  - install
  - configure
  - administer
- □ When this is deployed, a Planets instance is created, in which
  - an administrator can
    - · create user accounts
    - deploy and browse services
    - browse registries
  - a preservation expert can
    - define service workflows (Workflow Design Tool)
    - define and evaluate preservation plans (PLATO Application)
    - define and run experiments (Testbed Application)
  - a librarian or archivist can
    - evaluate and execute preservation plans (PLATO Application)
    - define service workflows from workflow templates and execute preservation processes on a repository (Online Design Tool)





### Interoperability Framework: Motivation

- ☐ There are a number of functions that all (or nearly all) software applications commonly need. These include functions such as
  - Web application infrastructure
  - Data persistence
  - User management
  - Security, Authentication and Authorization
  - Monitoring, Logging, and Messaging
- □ In addition, there are some non-functional requirements on the infrastructure, which should be
  - Robust
  - Scalable
  - Distributed
- □ The Interoperability Framework (IF) software components will provide these commonly required functions and meet these non-functional requirements.





### Interoperability Framework: Benefits

#### □ Efficiency

- If the above mentioned components are only developed once, rather than multiple times, then the Planets Sub-projects and their applications can concentrate on their specific process logic and will have more time and resources to do so.
- Also, when packaging the Planets software, the number of components will be optimized; for example, because the IF provides a single database for all components, only one database need be installed.

#### □ Interoperability

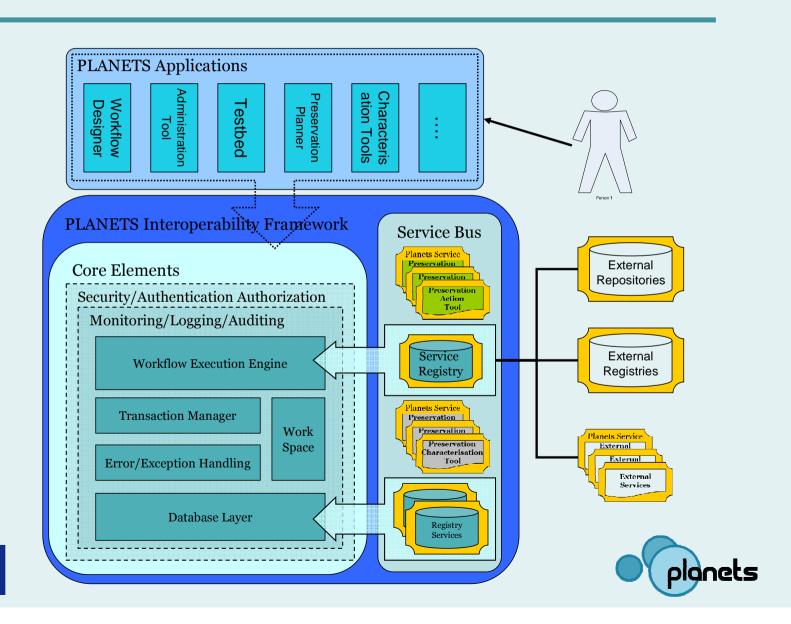
- By providing common components, the IF can also help to assure that various applications remain interoperable.
- By enforcing Web Service standards, the IF can support access to remote and distributed third-party characterization and migration services.





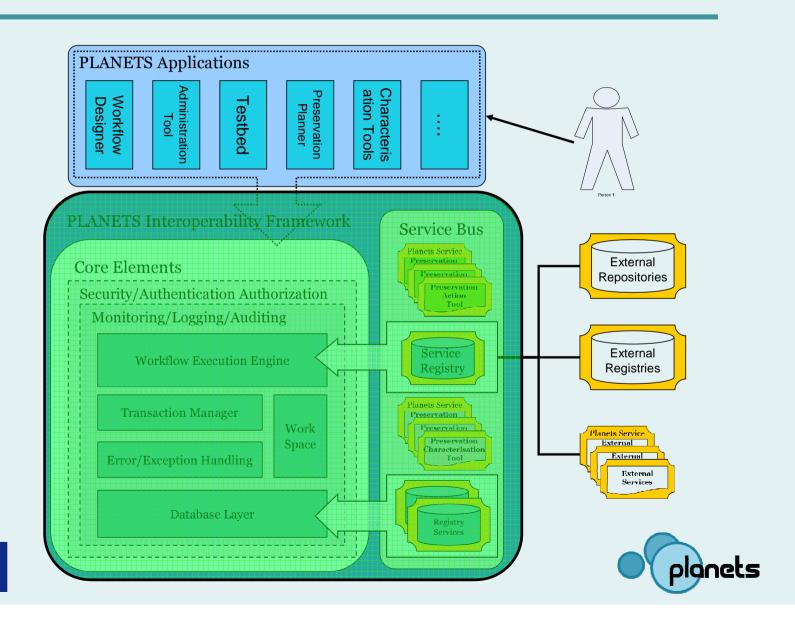
Interoperability Framework: Architecture

### Interoperability Framework: Architecture





#### Interoperability Framework: Application Server





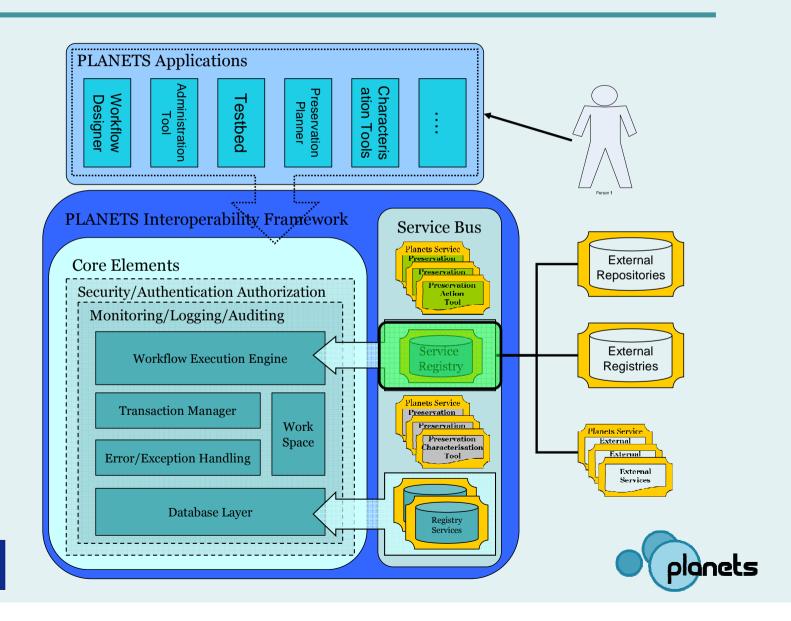
#### Interoperability Framework: Application Server

- □ An Application Server is a software engine that delivers applications to client computers or devices, and is necessary in order to host dynamic web applications.
- Advanced application servers provide a number of additional important features, such as Web Service support, thread pooling, and persistence management.
- □ We have selected the **JBoss** application server as the most robust, open-source java-based implementation, certified for the Java 2 Enterprise Edition (J2EE) 1.4 standard and supporting Enterprise Java Beans (EJB) 3.0.





## Interoperability Framework: Service Registry





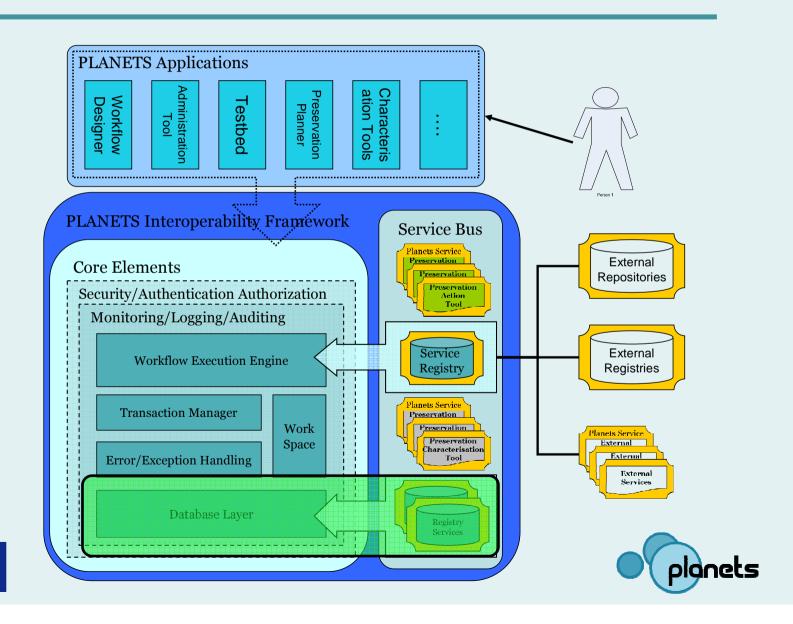
### Interoperability Framework: Service Registry

- The Planets Service Registry is developed on top of **jUDDI**, an opensource, Java-based implementation of the Universal Description, Discovery and Integration (UDDI) standard.
- On top of the UDDI standard, we intend to add semantic service descriptions. This will enhance the search for humans, but also support automatic service composition by machines.
- □ The Service Registry is the central discovery point for internal and external web services, for both users and applications.





## Interoperability Framework: Data Registry





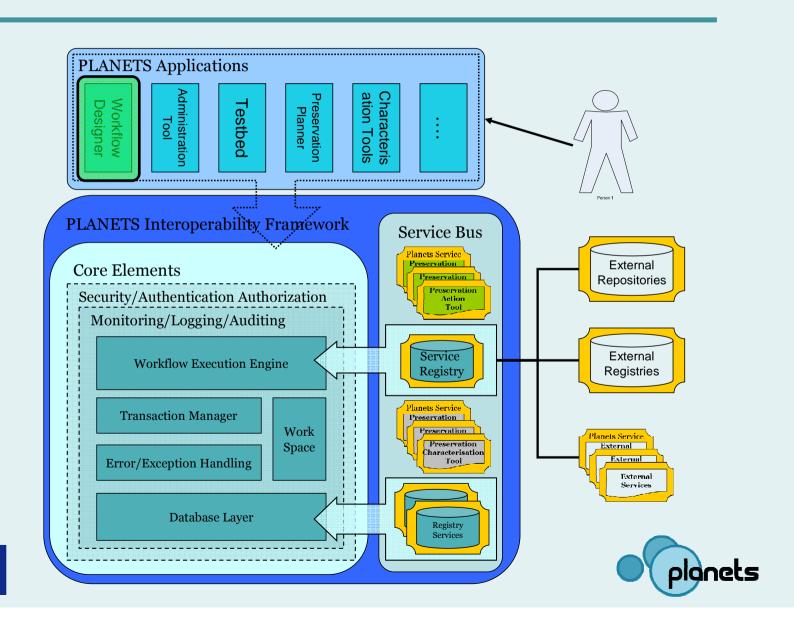
## Interoperability Framework: Data Registry

- The Planets Data Registry implements the Java Content Repository (JCR) specification, and is built on top of the open-source implementation Jackrabbit.
- □ A JCR implementation has the following features:
  - a standardized approach to content repositories
  - automatic versioning support
  - dynamic definition of complex content models and metadata schema
  - queries using XPATH and XQUERY
  - queries using SQL
- □ The Data Registry is built on top of a relational database, in our case the open-source Apache **Derby** database management system.





### Planets Application: Workflow Design





### Interoperability Framework: Workflow Design

#### □ Expert Workflow Design Tool

- Planets Workflows are expressed using the Business Process Execution Language, or BPEL.
  - Why BPEL? The main argument is standardization
    - which means, Planets workflows can be created with any BPEL tool and run on any BPEL compliant engine - that is, they are not tied to the Interoperability Framework
- The expert workflow design tool is a client application based on the Eclipse BPEL Plugin.

#### Online Workflow Design Tool

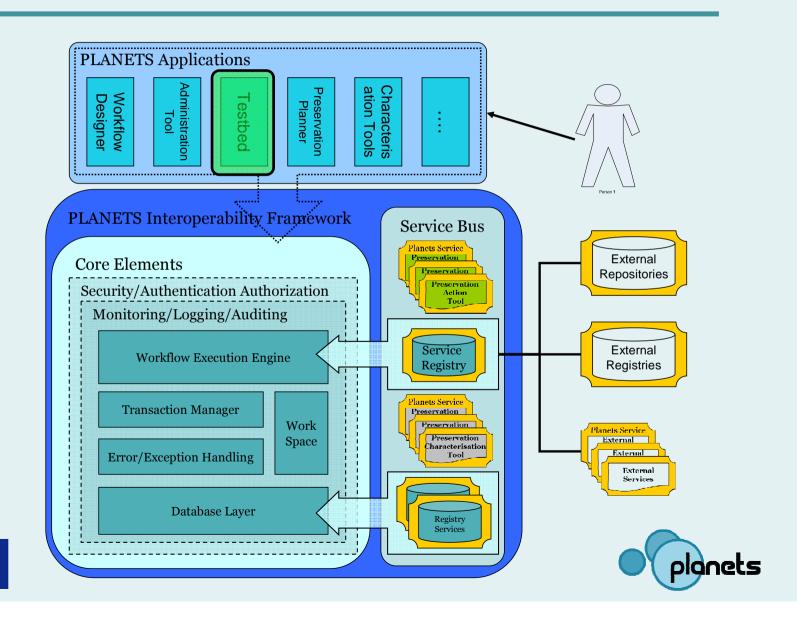
- A simplified web-based workflow tool requiring no knowledge of BPEL
- Based on workflow templates
  - pre-defined workflow fragments that must be completed by the user by specifying Web service endpoints.





Interoperability Framework: Demonstration

### Planets Application: Testbed



# Thank you for your attention!

Contact:

Ross King

Austrian Research Centers GmbH – ARC ross.king@researchstudio.at