

Digital Archeology: Recovering Digital Objects from Audio Waveforms

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http://www.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/dp

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Overview

- Introduction
- Analyzed System
- Reengineering the Waveform
- Bitstream-Formats
- Migration Tool
- Evaluation of Extraction Methods
- Evaluation Results
- Conclusions



Introduction

- First home-computers in the late 1970's / early 1980s
- Data usually saved on magnetic tapes
- No special hardware/media needed (e.g. standard audio recorder to connect the system to and audio tapes to store the data)
- Data/Software still available on tapes in private collections (maybe even archives)
- Future migration with no working specimen and/or knowledge about system impossible

How can we migrate the data without the original system in the future?



Analyzed System

Philips Videopac+ G7400

- video game system
- released 1983



C7420 Home Computer Module

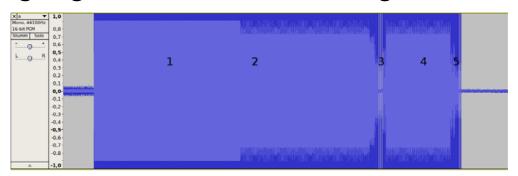
- Microsoft Basic
- Data save/load using compact cassettes



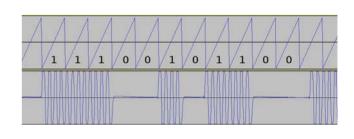


Reengineering the Waveform

- Data is encoded in bitstreams
- Bitstreams are encoded in analogue waveform
- Writing different test programs on the original system
- Recording digitized waveform using software Audacity



- Analyzing waveforms and changes between waveforms
- Format of stored byte:
 - sine-waves, 4.8 kHz
 - 4 waves per bit, 1200 bps
 - 1 start-bit, 8 data-bits, 2 ½ stop-bits





Bitstream Formats

- System is able to store different file types
 - BASIC programs, screenshots, arrays, strings, raw memory dumps
- Writing test programs using original documentation
- Changes in the programs result in changes in the bitstream
- File format
 - 32 byte file-header, variable data block
 - fixed start block (256x 0xFF), separator (128x 0xFF),end block (10x 0x00)
- File header
 - filename, file-type, length, checksum, start address
- Data Block
 - structure dependent on the file type
 - e.g. BASIC program for every line: line number, line in ASCII (commands encoded) and start address in memory of next line, e.g.

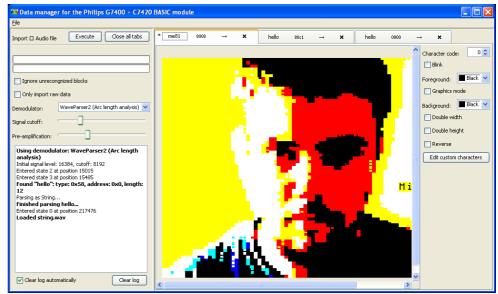
```
1 0 P R I N T " H A L L O " <EOL>
0A 00 94 20 22 48 45 4C 4C 4F 22 00
```



Migration Tool

Features

- Tool to migrate data from audio-streams to non-obsolete formats
- Either from audio-file or directly from original system
- Support for all file-types of G7400
- Data can be encoded in bitstream and/or audio-stream



Two methods for extracting data from waveform

- existing method from retro community works for data transfer from and to original system but unusable for tapes (too much noise, lost data)
- novel method that interprets the arc length of the curve instead of counting highs and lows in the signal



Evaluation of Extraction Methods

- Tests with new files
 - readable by original system and both methods
- Tests with 20 years old tapes
 - no files recognized with original method 1
 - 6 / 23 files recognized by original system (0 without errors)
 - 22/23 files recognized by method 2 (3 without errors)
 - all files recovered from the tapes are BASIC programs





Evaluation Results

- Validity of files
 - original system: files loaded were unusable
 - checked by reencoding and testing them on original system (original data for comparison not available)
 - most files had small errors that could be manually restored
- Data is no longer readable on original system
- Evaluated tapes successfully migrated using the migration tool with the method of analyzing arc length of signal



Conclusions

- Data successfully preserved
 - some data lost due to age of tapes (20 years is expected lifetime)
 - media refresh for original system possible by decoding / encoding
- Reengineering easier if done now
- test programs can be written and analyzed with access to original system
- expert knowledge still available in "retro" communities
- Using bitstream for emulation
- converting only the waveform to bitstream allows use of data in future emulators of the system
- no emulation of C7420 available yet
- Results interpreted for other systems/media types
- findings valid for all systems that encode data in audio waveforms
- in most other cases special devices necessary to read media
- logical reengineering and extracting data from bitstreams is possible



Tool and sample files can be downloaded from:

http://www.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/dp/hc_audio_migration

Thank you for your attention.

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